



Moth Trapping Report

Summary

Location:	TECT Field (TQ3715)
Date:	26/04/2025
Trap(s):	Actinic Trap
Recorders(s):	Chris Chapman
Moth Count:	5
Species Count:	5
Non-species Count:	0

Full List

Species	Count	Type	Sussex Status	Comment
Clouded Border (<i>Lomaspilis marginata</i>)	1	Macro	Common (7447)	
Common Quaker (<i>Orthosia cerasi</i>)	1	Macro	Very Common (9110)	A very common, resident species found in a wide range of habitats. Single-brooded, flying mainly from early February to late May. Larvae feed on birch, willow, oaks, lime, elm, bramble, rose, sweet chestnut, hawthorn and ash.
Knot Grass (<i>Acronicta rumicis</i>)	1	Macro	Common (5038)	A resident species. Probably generally distributed. Double-brooded, flying mainly from mid-April to mid-June and from mid-July to mid-September. Larvae feed on bramble, willow, unspecified low-growing plants including thistle, hop, poplar and in captivity
Lunar Marbled Brown (<i>Drymonia ruficornis</i>)	1	Macro	Common (1170)	A common, resident species. Single-brooded, flying mainly from early April to late June, occasionally from late March or to mid July. Larvae feed on oak.
Pebble Prominent (<i>Notodonta ziczac</i>)	1	Macro	Common (4157)	

Notes

You can see more details of each species from the [UK Moths website](#) by clicking on the name of the species. This doesn't apply to records at genus level or aggregates.

The Sussex Status is an **unofficial** indication of the likelihood of encountering the species in Sussex based on data sourced from the [Sussex Moth Group](#) website. The number in brackets is the minimum number of times the moth has been recorded in Sussex.

The species comments are primarily sourced from the excellent volumes of **A Revised History of the Butterflies and Moths of Sussex** by C R Pratt.

Images

Produced by Chris Chapman ([Plumpton & East Chiltington Wildlife Group](#))